or services performed by the contractor, contract audit office, or a non-governmental agent. In some cases, different offices might be designated to receive invoices and contract financing requests.

Designated payment office means the place designated in the contract to make invoice payments or contract financing payments. Normally, this will be the Government disbursing office.

Discount for prompt payment means an invoice payment reduction voluntarily offered by the contractor, in conjunction with the clause at 52.232-8, Discounts for Prompt Payment, if payment is made by the Government prior to the due date. The due date is calculated from the date of the contractor's invoice. If the contractor has not placed a date on the invoice, the due date is calculated from the date the designated billing office receives a proper invoice, provided the agency annotates such invoice with the date of receipt at the time of receipt. When the discount date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday when Federal Government offices are closed and Government business is not expected to be conducted, payment may be made on the following business day and a discount may be taken.

Due date means the date on which payment should be made.

Invoice means a contractor's bill or written request for payment under the contract for supplies delivered or services performed.

Invoice payment, as used in this subpart, means a Government disbursement of monies to a contractor under a contract or other authorization for supplies or services accepted by the Government. This includes payments of partial deliveries that have been accepted by the Government and final cost or fee payments where amounts owed have been settled between the Government and the contractor. For purposes of this subpart, invoice payments also include all payments made under the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, and the clause at 52.232-10, Payments Under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts. Invoice payments do not include contract financing payments.

Payment date means the date on which a check for payment is dated or, for an electronic funds transfer, the specified payment date.

Proper invoice means a bill or written request for payment which meets the minimum standards specified in the clauses at 52.232-25, Prompt Payment, 52.232-26, Prompt Payment for Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts, or 52.232-27, Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts (also see 32.905(e)), and other terms and conditions contained in the contract for invoice submission.

Receiving report means written evidence meeting the requirements of 32.905(f) which indicates Government acceptance of supplies delivered or services performed by the contractor (see subpart 46.6).

Specified payment date, as it applies to electronic funds transfer (EFT), means the date which the Government has placed in the EFT payment transaction instruction given to the Federal Reserve System as the date on which the funds are to be transferred to the contractor's account by the financial agent. If no date has been specified in the instruction, the specified payment date is 3 business days after the payment office releases the EFT payment transaction instruction.

[53 FR 3690, Feb. 8, 1988, as amended at 54 FR 13333, Mar. 31, 1989; 55 FR 25530, June 21, 1990; 61 FR 45772, Aug. 29, 1996; 62 FR 12706, Mar. 17, 1997]

32.903 Policy.

- (a) All solicitations and contracts subject to this subpart shall specify payment procedures, payment due dates, and interest penalties for late invoice payment.
- (b) The Government shall not make invoice and contract financing payments earlier than 7 days prior to the due dates specified in the contract unless the agency head, or designee, determines to make earlier payment on a case-by-case basis (see 32.908 for required clauses).
- (c) Payment will be based on receipt of a proper invoice or contract financing request and satisfactory contract performance.
- (d) Agency procedures shall ensure that, when specifying due dates, full

consideration is given to the time reasonably required by Government officials to fulfill their administrative responsibilities under the contract.

(e)(1) Checks shall be mailed on the same day they are dated.

(2) For payments made by electronic funds transfer, the date specified by the Government (see 32.902 for definition of "specified payment date") for settlement of the payment at a Federal Reserve Bank shall be on or before the established due date.

(3) When the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday when Federal Government offices are closed and Government business is not expected to be conducted, payment may be made on the following business day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.

- (f)(1) Contracting officers shall, where the nature of the work permits, write contract statements of work and pricing arrangements that allow contractors to deliver, and receive invoice payments for, discrete portions of the work as soon as completed and found acceptable by the Government (see 32.102(d)).
- (2) Unless specifically prohibited by the contract, the contractor is entitled to payment for accepted partial deliveries of supplies or partial performance of services that comply with all applicable contract requirements and for which prices can be calculated from the contract terms.
- (3) Under some types of contracts, such as many cost-reimbursement contracts, partial payments cannot be made because the invoice price cannot be determined until after settlement of total contract costs and other contract-wide final arrangements. However, interim payments or contract financing payments may be made in accordance with the terms of the contract.
- (g) Discounts for prompt payment offered by the contractor shall be taken only when payments are made within the discount period specified by the contractor.
- (h) Agencies shall pay an interest penalty, without request from the contractor, for late invoice payments or improperly taken discounts for prompt payment. The temporary unavail-

ability of funds to make a timely payment does not relieve an agency from the obligation to pay interest penalties or the additional interest penalties discussed in paragraph (i) of this section and paragraph (g) of 32.907-1.

(i) For contracts awarded after October 1, 1989, if the interest penalty is not paid within 10 days after it is due and the contractor makes a written demand for payment within 40 days after payment of the principal amount due, agencies shall pay an additional penalty amount, which shall be calculated in accordance with 32.907-1(g).

(j) If the contractor has assigned a contractor identifier (such as an invoice number) to an invoice or financing request, each payment or remittance advice shall use the contractor identifier (in addition to any Government or contract information) in de-

scribing any payment made.

(k) For payments made by electronic funds transfer, the specified payment date, included in the Government's order to pay the contractor, is the date of payment for prompt payment purposes, whether or not the Federal Reserve System actually makes the payment by that date, and whether or not the contractor's financial agent credits the contractor's account on that date. However, a specified payment date must be a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System. For example, if the Federal Reserve System requires 2 days' notice before a specified payment date to process a transaction, release of a payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve Bank 1 day before the specified payment date could not constitute a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.

[62 FR 12706, Mar. 17, 1997]

32.904 Responsibilities.

(a) Agency heads—

- (1) Shall establish the policies and procedures necessary to implement this subpart;
- (2) May prescribe additional standards for establishing due dates on invoice payments (see 32.905) and contract financing payments (see 32.906) necessary to support agency programs and foster prompt payment to contractors: